

20S Proteasome α 3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AP67328**Specification****20S Proteasome α 3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	P25788
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

20S Proteasome α 3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 5684**Other Names**

PSMA3; HC8; PSC8; Proteasome subunit alpha type-3; Macropain subunit C8; Multicatalytic endopeptidase complex subunit C8; Proteasome component C8

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

IHC-P~~N/A

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

20S Proteasome α 3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** PSMA3 ([HGNC:9532](#))**Synonyms** HC8, PSC8**Function**

Component of the 20S core proteasome complex involved in the proteolytic degradation of most intracellular proteins. This complex plays numerous essential roles within the cell by associating with different regulatory particles. Associated with two 19S regulatory particles, forms the 26S proteasome and thus participates in the ATP- dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. The 26S proteasome plays a key role in the maintenance of protein homeostasis by removing misfolded or damaged proteins that could impair cellular functions, and by removing proteins whose functions are no longer required. Associated with the PA200 or PA28, the 20S proteasome mediates ubiquitin- independent protein degradation. This type of proteolysis is required in several pathways including spermatogenesis (20S-PA200 complex) or generation of a subset of MHC class I-presented antigenic peptides (20S-PA28 complex). Binds to the C-terminus of CDKN1A and thereby mediates its degradation. Negatively regulates the membrane trafficking of the

cell-surface thromboxane A2 receptor (TBXA2R) isoform 2.

Cellular Location

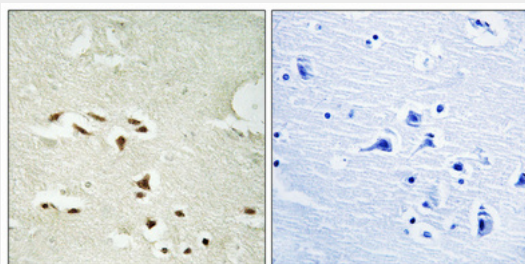
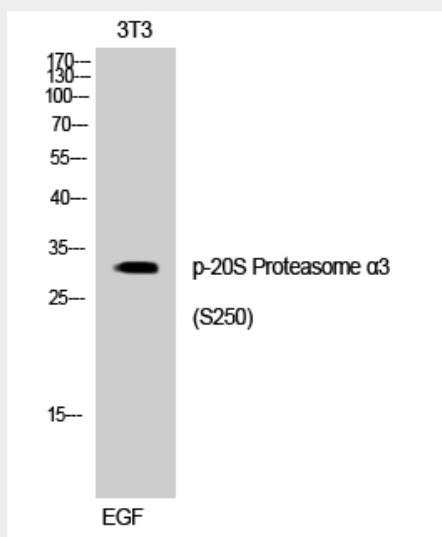
Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Translocated from the cytoplasm into the nucleus following interaction with AKIRIN2, which bridges the proteasome with the nuclear import receptor IPO9

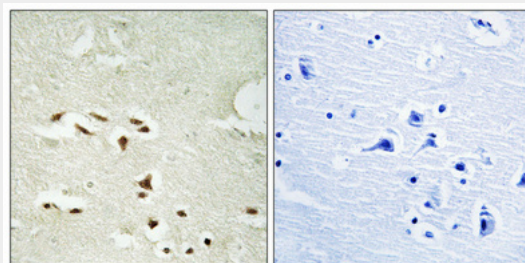
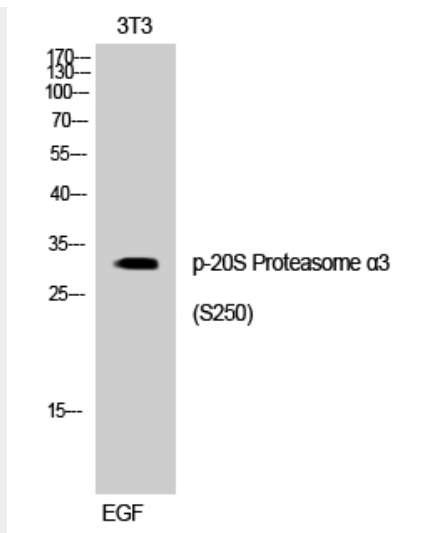
20S Proteasome $\alpha 3$ (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

20S Proteasome $\alpha 3$ (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Images





20S Proteasome α 3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Component of the 20S core proteasome complex involved in the proteolytic degradation of most intracellular proteins. This complex plays numerous essential roles within the cell by associating with different regulatory particles. Associated with two 19S regulatory particles, forms the 26S proteasome and thus participates in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. The 26S proteasome plays a key role in the maintenance of protein homeostasis by removing misfolded or damaged proteins that could impair cellular functions, and by removing proteins whose functions are no longer required. Associated with the PA200 or PA28, the 20S proteasome mediates ubiquitin-independent protein degradation. This type of proteolysis is required in several pathways including spermatogenesis (20S-PA200 complex) or generation of a subset of MHC class I-presented antigenic peptides (20S-PA28 complex). Binds to the C-terminus of CDKN1A and thereby mediates its degradation. Negatively regulates the membrane trafficking of the cell-surface thromboxane A2 receptor (TBXA2R) isoform 2.